



## Corrigendum to “Can we not mitigate climate change using seaweed based biostimulant: A case study with sugarcane cultivation in India” [J. Clean. Prod. 204 (2018) 992–1003]

Ishwar Singh<sup>a,b</sup>, K.G. Vijay Anand<sup>c</sup>, Sushil Solomon<sup>a</sup>, Sudhir Kumar Shukla<sup>a</sup>, Ramakant Rai<sup>a</sup>, Sudhakar T. Zodape<sup>c</sup>, Arup Ghosh<sup>c,\*</sup>

<sup>a</sup> ICAR- Indian Institute of Sugarcane Research, Lucknow, 226 002, India

<sup>b</sup> ICAR- National Bureau of Plant Genetic Resources, New Delhi, 110012, India

<sup>c</sup> Agronomy and Biofertilizer Group, Biotechnology and Phycology Division, CSIR-Central Salt & Marine Chemicals Research Institute, Bhavnagar, 364002, Gujarat, India

The authors regret misreading of the unit during calculation wherein kg CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents ha<sup>-1</sup> 2y<sup>-1</sup> was by mistake construed as kg CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents (Mg cane production)<sup>-1</sup>. This led to erroneous representation at some places in the text which are as follows:

In Abstract; text of section 3.5: Environmental benefits of seaweed extract (SWE) use; Conclusion section and in Highlights:

The savings in climate change (CC) impact category envisaged on account of use of seaweed extract at 5% KSWE was mentioned as 260 kg CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents (Mg cane production)<sup>-1</sup> in the text which should be actually read as 260 kg CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents ha<sup>-1</sup> 2y<sup>-1</sup>. The actual savings in CC due to SWE application per ton of cane production would be 2.06 kg CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents (Mg cane production)<sup>-1</sup>.

In the text of section 3.5: Environmental benefits of seaweed extract (SWE) use:

The savings envisaged for 50% RRF + SWE treatment in CC impact category was mentioned as 1234 kg CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents (Mg cane production)<sup>-1</sup> which should be actually read as 1234 kg CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents

ha<sup>-1</sup> 2y<sup>-1</sup>. The actual savings in CC due to SWE application per ton of cane production would be 11.65 kg CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents (Mg cane production)<sup>-1</sup>.

The gains in water depletion which was represented as 21m<sup>3</sup> (Mg cane production)<sup>-1</sup> should be instead read as 21 m<sup>3</sup> ha<sup>-1</sup> 2y<sup>-1</sup>. The actual water saving per ton of cane production would be 0.17 m<sup>3</sup>.

In the last paragraph of the Discussion section, error in estimation of impacts gains in CC and water depletion per Mg of cane production in the 5% KSWE treatment led to errors in extrapolation for 10% of total cane production.

Thus, translation of gains which was given as ca.9.3 million Mg of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents would be 0.073 million Mg of CO<sub>2</sub> equivalents.

Similarly for water depletion, the overall savings would be 5.99 million m<sup>3</sup> instead of 1.12 billion cubic meters.

We confirm that there is no discrepancy in the data of tables or figures owing the above mistake.

The authors would like to apologise for any inconvenience caused.

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\* Corresponding author.

E-mail address: [arupghosh@csmcri.res.in](mailto:arupghosh@csmcri.res.in) (A. Ghosh).

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